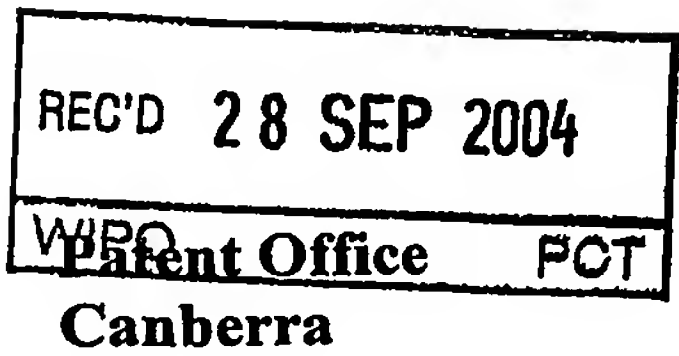




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I, JULIE BILLINGSLEY, TEAM LEADER EXAMINATION SUPPORT AND  
SALES hereby certify that annexed is a true copy of the Provisional specification  
in connection with Application No. 2003905443 for a patent by  
WEATHERFORD AUSTRALIA PTY LIMITED as filed on 03 October 2003.



WITNESS my hand this  
Seventeenth day of September 2004

*J. Billingsley*

JULIE BILLINGSLEY  
TEAM LEADER EXAMINATION  
SUPPORT AND SALES

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# AUSTRALIA

## Patents Act 1990

Weatherford Australia Pty Limited

### PROVISIONAL SPECIFICATION

*Invention Title:*

*Improved screen nozzle*

The invention is described in the following statement:

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### **Field of the Invention**

This invention relates to an improved screen nozzle.

### **Background of the Invention**

5 Media retention screens allow the passage of fluids but prevent passage of particles greater than a particular size. In some industrial processes, it is desirable to have media retention screens which can carry very high loads. These are typically required at the bottom of a down flow reactor. Steel plates, usually stainless steel plates are used for this purpose. However, provision must be made for processed fluids  
10 to flow through the steel plate and this is most typically done by installing a number of screen nozzles uniformly across the plate. These are usually attached to the plate with threaded end fittings known as nipples, and are typically cylindrical and about 50mm in diameter. The cylindrical surface of the nozzle defines a series of openings which allow liquids to pass but prevent the flow of particles having a diameter greater than the  
15 narrowest part of the slot opening. In one known design, the cylindrical surface defining the openings is formed by a stack of stainless rings having a V-shaped cross section known as screen element, sandwiched between a bottom cover and a top cover both of which are welded to the screen element. A stainless steel threaded nipple is welded to the bottom cover and the screen element is fixed to the steel plate by  
20 screwing the nipple into a correspondingly threaded aperture in the steel plate.

There are a number of problems with existing screen nozzles, the first of which arises because the plate and the screen nozzle are both made of stainless steel since they need to be corrosion resistant. However, the nozzles tend to bind to the steel plate and once attached to the steel plate are very difficult to remove. This is a problem as the  
25 screen nozzle may be filtering corrosive materials which may result in damage to the screen necessitating replacement of the nozzle. Also, screen nozzles are often cleaned by back flushing with acid. Again this can damage the nozzle even though it is made of stainless steel. The welds on the exterior of the steel nozzle are also a particular area of weakness and often corrode after time. Further, the act of welding the plates to the  
30 screen, may also partially block the screen and distort the apertures in the screen.

It is an object of the present invention to provide an improved screen nozzle which addresses and attempts to alleviate at least some of the problems of the prior art screen nozzles discussed above.

Any discussion of documents, acts, materials, devices, articles or the like which  
35 has been included in the present specification is solely for the purpose of providing a context for the present invention. It is not to be taken as an admission that any or all of

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these matters form part of the prior art base or were common general knowledge in the field relevant to the present invention as it existed before the priority date of each claim of this application.

## 5 Summary of the Invention

According to the present invention, there is provided a screen nozzle, comprising:

- a nipple;
- a bottom cover;
- 10 a top cover; and
- a cylindrical screen element sandwiched between the top and bottom covers, characterised in that the top cover is secured to the bottom cover by means of a threaded rod extending from either the bottom cover or the nipple through the interior of the screen through an aperture in the top cover with the top cover being retained by a
- 15 nut or the like.

Preferably, the nipple is secured to the bottom cover by swaging.

The threaded rod may be welded to the bottom cover or to the nipple.

Assembling the screen element using an internal threaded rod has two substantial advantages over existing screen nozzles. The first advantage is that there

20 are no external welds which as discussed above, may damage or deform or foul the screen and which are also are potential areas of weaknesses which may be subject to corrosion.

The second advantage is that the screen element may be replaced without removing the nozzle from the screen plate. This makes repair and replacement of the

25 screen nozzles considerably easier and slightly cheaper, since the nipple does not need to be replaced.

## Brief Description of the Drawings

Specific embodiments of the present invention will now be described by way of

30 example and with reference to the accompanying drawings, in which:

Figure 1 is a top plan view of a first embodiment of a screen nozzle;

Figure 2 is a section on II-II of Figure 1;

Figure 3 is a plan view of a second embodiment of a screen nozzle; and

Figure 4 is a section of IV-IV of the screen nozzle of Figure 3.

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### Detailed Description of a Preferred Embodiment

Referring to the drawings, a screen nozzle 10 embodying the present invention comprises a threaded nipple having an annular cross section 12, a bottom cover 14, a screen element 16, a top cover 18, a threaded rod 20, and a nut 22.

5 All components are made of stainless steel. The nipple is externally threaded with a thread that matches a correspondingly threaded aperture in a plate for insertion of one end 24 of the nipple into the plate. The other end of the nipple defines an annular portion 26 of much reduced wall thickness compared to the main body of the nipple, not shown. The bottom cover is in the form of a circular plate defining a central  
10 circular aperture and an external rib 28. The end portion 26 of the nipple is swaged to engage the nipple in the central aperture 27 of the end cover. As shown in the drawings, the threaded rod 20 which has a "dog leg" bent portion is welded to the end portion 26 of the nipple. The screen element which is sandwiched between the bottom 14 and top plate 18, is a standard cylindrical screen element. The top plate is saucer  
15 shaped and defines a peripheral flange or rib 29. It is retained between the top and bottom plates by means of the threaded rod which extends through an aperture 30 in the centre of the top plate and secured by a nut 32 and the ribs 28, 29. Removal of the nut allows removal of the top cover and screen from the bottom plate 14.

Figures 3 and 4 show a variant 10a of the screen nozzle shown in Figures 1 and  
20 2 in which the threaded rod 20 is welded to the bottom cover rather than the nipple.

It will be appreciated by persons skilled in the art that numerous variations and/or modifications may be made to the invention as shown in the specific embodiments without departing from the spirit or scope of the invention as broadly  
25 illustrative and not restrictive. The present embodiments are, therefore, to be considered in all respects as

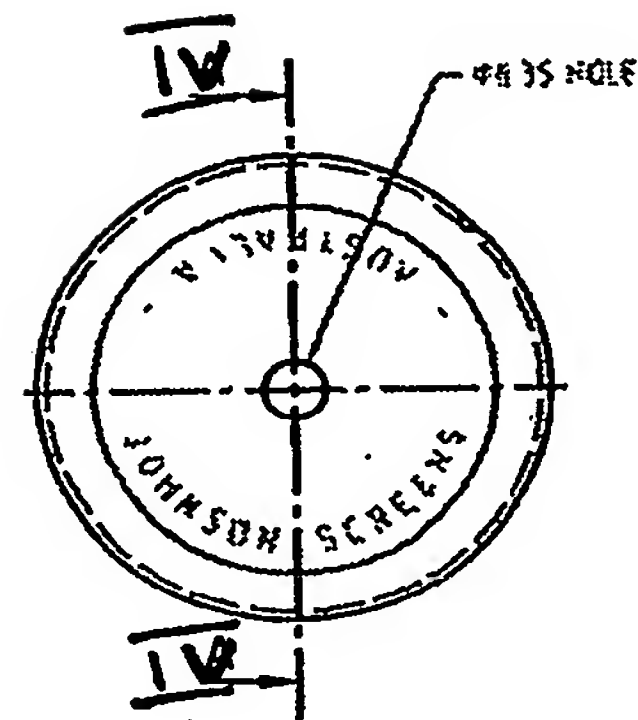
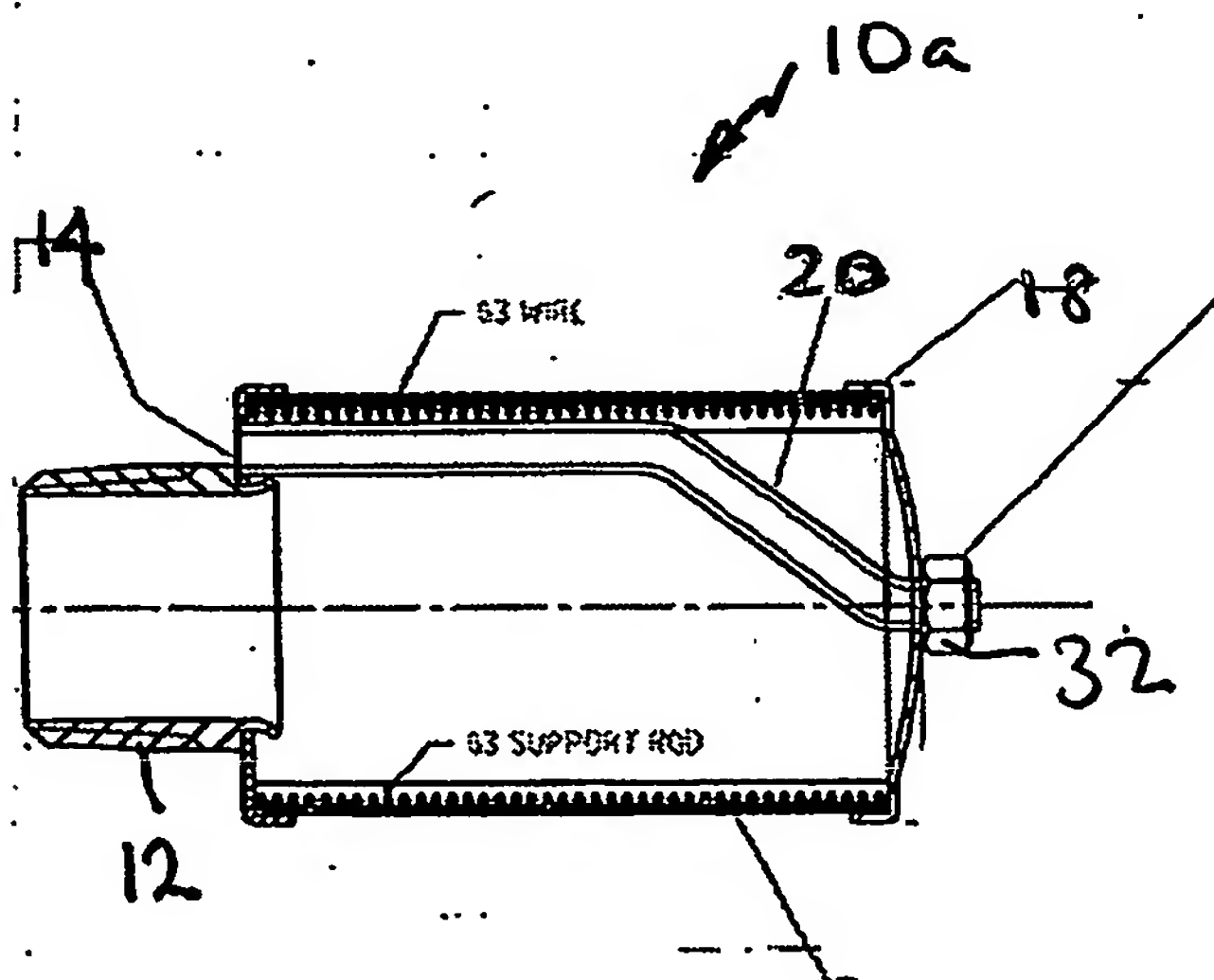
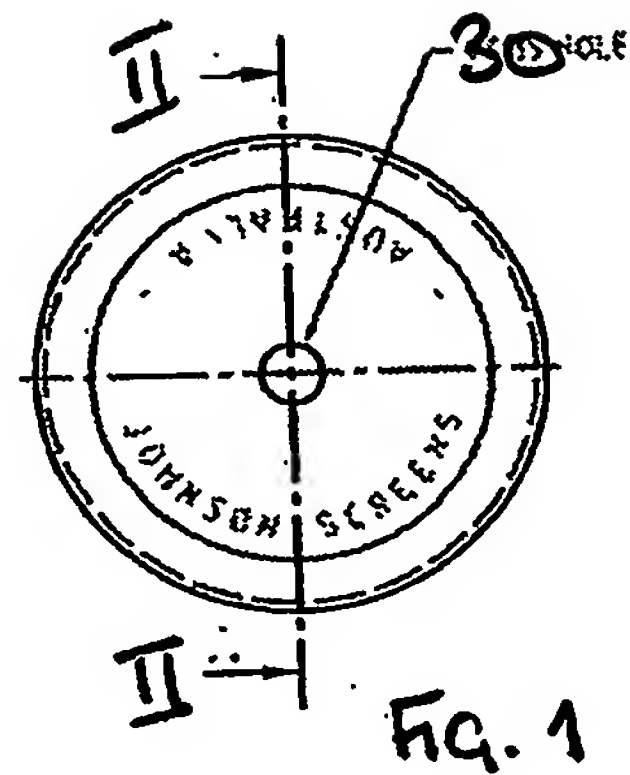
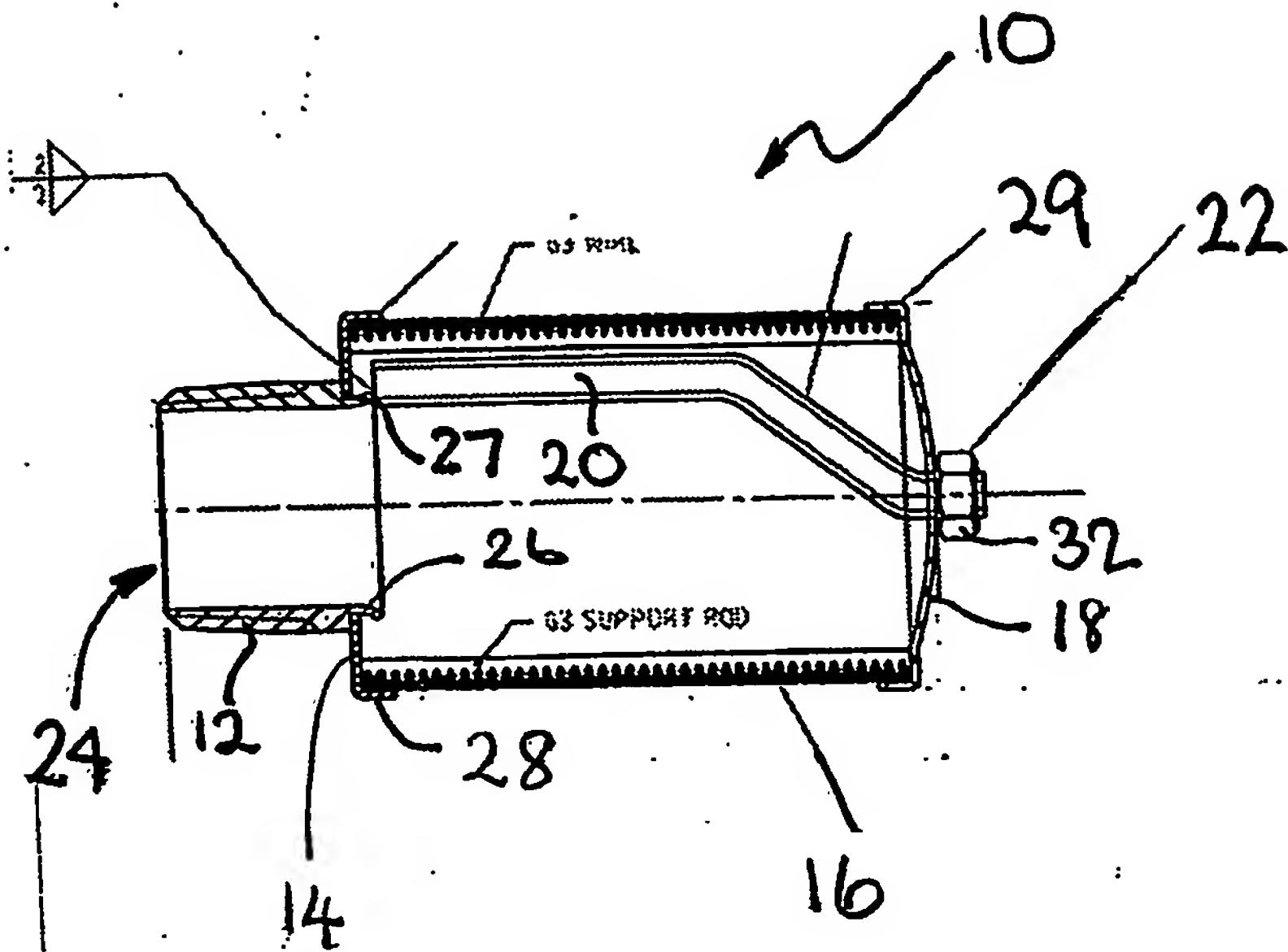
Dated this third day of October 2003

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